

SAFETY DATA SHEET

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006

Version 1 Print Date 31.07.2025

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifiers

Product name : Acetonitrile

Product Number : ACE130
Brand : 6Science LTD
Index-No. : 608-001-00-3

REACH No. : 01-2119471307-38-XXXX

CAS-No. : 75-05-8

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses : Laboratory chemicals, Manufacture of substances

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company Unit 2 Welby Grange Business Park

Welby Lane Melton Mowbary Leicestershire LE14 3EF

UNITED KINGDOM

Telephone +44 (0)115 779 0196 E-mail address info@6science.co.uk

1.4 Emergency telephone number

Emergency Phone # : +44 (0)870 8200418 (CHEMTREC)

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 as amended by GB-CLP Regulation, UK SI 2019/720, and UK SI 2020/1567

Flammable liquids, (Category 2) H225: Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

Acute toxicity, (Category 4) H302: Harmful if swallowed.

Acute toxicity, (Category 4) H332: Harmful if inhaled.

Acute toxicity, (Category 4) H312: Harmful in contact with skin.

Eye irritation, (Category 2) H319: Causes serious eye irritation.

2.2 Label elements

Labelling according Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 as amended by GB-CLP Regulation, UK SI 2019/720, and UK SI 2020/1567

Pictogram

Signal Word Danger

Hazard Statements

H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

H302 + H312 + H332 Harmful if swallowed, in contact with skin or if inhaled.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

Precautionary Statements

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and

other ignition sources. No smoking.

P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face

protection.

P301 + P312 IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER/ doctor if you feel

unwell.

P303 + P361 + P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated

clothing. Rinse skin with water.

P304 + P340 + P312 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable

for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER/ doctor if you feel unwell.

P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes.

If the Lies. Kinse cautiously with water for several fillinates.

Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue

rinsing.

Supplemental Hazard

Statements

none

Reduced Labelling (<= 125 ml)

Pictogram

Signal Word Danger

Hazard Statements none

Precautionary Statements none

Supplemental Hazard none

Statements

2.3 Other hazards

This substance/mixture contains no components considered to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of 0.1% or higher.

Ecological information:

The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher. Toxicological information:

The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1 Substances

Synonyms : Methyl cyanide

ACN

Component		Classification	Concentration
Acetonitrile			
CAS-No. EC-No. Index-No.	75-05-8 200-835-2 608-001-00-3	Flam. Liq. 2; Acute Tox. 4; Eye Irrit. 2; H225, H302, H332, H312, H319	<= 100 %
Index Not	000 001 00 5	11332, 11312, 11313	

For the full text of the H-Statements mentioned in this Section, see Section 16.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

General advice

Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.

If inhaled

After inhalation: fresh air. If breathing stops: mouth-to-mouth breathing or artificial respiration. Oxygen if necessary. Immediately call in physician.

In case of skin contact

In case of skin contact: Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/ shower. Consult a physician.

In case of eye contact

After eye contact: rinse out with plenty of water. Call in ophthalmologist. Remove contact lenses.

If swallowed

After swallowing: immediately make victim drink water (two glasses at most). Consult a physician.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

The most important known symptoms and effects are described in the labelling (see section 2.2) and/or in section 11

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

No data available

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

Water Foam Carbon dioxide (CO2) Dry powder

Unsuitable extinguishing media

For this substance/mixture no limitations of extinguishing agents are given.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Carbon oxides

Nitrogen oxides (NOx)

Carbon oxides

Nitrogen oxides (NOx)

Combustible.

Fire may cause evolution of:

nitrogen oxides, Hydrogen cyanide (hydrocyanic acid)

Pay attention to flashback.

Vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors.

Development of hazardous combustion gases or vapours possible in the event of fire.

Forms explosive mixtures with air at ambient temperatures.

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Stay in danger area only with self-contained breathing apparatus. Prevent skin contact by keeping a safe distance or by wearing suitable protective clothing.

5.4 Further information

Remove container from danger zone and cool with water. Suppress (knock down) gases/vapours/mists with a water spray jet. Prevent fire extinguishing water from contaminating surface water or the ground water system.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Advice for non-emergency personnel: Do not breathe vapours, aerosols. Avoid substance contact. Ensure adequate ventilation. Keep away from heat and sources of ignition. Evacuate the danger area, observe emergency procedures, consult an expert. For personal protection see section 8.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Do not let product enter drains. Risk of explosion.

6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Cover drains. Collect, bind, and pump off spills. Observe possible material restrictions (see sections 7 and 10). Take up with liquid-absorbent material (e.g. Chemizorb $\mathbb R$). Dispose of properly. Clean up affected area.

6.4 Reference to other sections

For disposal see section 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Advice on safe handling

Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid inhalation of vapour or mist. Filled under nitrogen. Work under hood. Do not inhale substance/mixture. Avoid generation of vapours/aerosols.

Advice on protection against fire and explosion

Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

Hygiene measures

Immediately change contaminated clothing. Apply preventive skin protection. Wash hands and face after working with substance.

For precautions see section 2.2.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage conditions

Keep container tightly closed in a dry and well-ventilated place. Keep away from heat and sources of ignition.

Storage class

Storage class (TRGS 510): 3: Flammable liquids

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Apart from the uses mentioned in section 1.2 no other specific uses are stipulated

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

Ingredients with workplace control parameters

Ingiculcines with	110114	 	<u> </u>	
Component	CAS-No.	Control parameter s	Value	Basis
Acetonitrile	75-05-8	TWA	40 ppm 70 mg/m3	Europe. Indicative occupational exposure limit values
	Remarks	Indicative Identifies the skin	ne possibility of	significant uptake through the
		TWA	40 ppm 68 mg/m3	UK. EH40 WEL - Workplace Exposure Limits
		STEL	60 ppm 102 mg/m3	UK. EH40 WEL - Workplace Exposure Limits

Derived No Effect Level (DNEL)

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Application Area	Exposure routes	Health effect	Value
Workers	Inhalation	Acute local effects, Acute systemic effects	68 mg/m3
Workers	Skin contact	Long-term systemic effects	32.2mg/kg BW/d
Workers	Inhalation	Long-term local effects, Long-term systemic effects	68 mg/m3
Consumers	Inhalation	Acute local effects	220 mg/m3
Consumers	Inhalation	Acute systemic effects	22 mg/m3
Consumers	Inhalation	Long-term systemic effects	4.8 mg/m3

Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC)

Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC)	
Compartment	Value
Water	10 mg/l
Soil	2.41 mg/kg
Marine water	1 mg/l
Fresh water	10 mg/l
Fresh water sediment	7.53 mg/kg
Onsite sewage treatment plant	32 mg/l

8.2 Exposure controls

Personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection

Use equipment for eye protection tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or EN 166(EU). Safety glasses

Skin protection

This recommendation applies only to the product stated in the safety data sheet, supplied by us and for the designated use. When dissolving in or mixing with other substances and under conditions deviating from those stated in EN 16523-1 please contact the supplier of CE-approved gloves (e.g. KCL GmbH, D-36124 Eichenzell,

Internet: www.kcl.de).

Full contact

Material: butyl-rubber

Minimum layer thickness: 0.7 mm Break through time: 480 min

Material tested:Butoject® (KCL 898)

This recommendation applies only to the product stated in the safety data sheet, supplied by us and for the designated use. When dissolving in or mixing with other substances and under conditions deviating from those stated in EN 16523-1 please contact the supplier of CE-approved gloves (e.g. KCL GmbH, D-36124 Eichenzell,

Internet: www.kcl.de).

Splash contact

Material: Chloroprene

Minimum layer thickness: 0.65 mm

Break through time: 10 min

Material tested: KCL 720 Camapren®

Body Protection

Flame retardant antistatic protective clothing.

Respiratory protection

Recommended Filter type: Filter A (acc. to DIN 3181) for vapours of organic compounds

The entrepeneur has to ensure that maintenance, cleaning and testing of respiratory protective devices are carried out according to the instructions of the producer. These measures have to be properly documented.

Control of environmental exposure

Do not let product enter drains. Risk of explosion.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

a) Physical state clear, liquidb) Color colourlessc) Odor ether-like

d) Melting Melting point/ range: -48 °C

point/freezing point

e) Initial boiling point 81 - 82 °C and boiling range

Flammability (solid, f)

gas)

No data available

g) Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits Upper explosion limit: 16 %(V) Lower explosion limit: 4.4 %(V)

h) Flash point

2.0 °C - closed cup

Autoignition temperature No data available

Decomposition j)

No data available

temperature

No data available

рΗ Viscosity I)

k)

Viscosity, kinematic: No data available Viscosity, dynamic: 0.350 Pas at 20.00 °C

m) Water solubility

1,000 g/l at 25 °C completely soluble

n) Partition coefficient:

log Pow: -0.54 at 25 °C - Bioaccumulation is not expected.

n-octanol/water

98.64 hPa at 20 °C o) Vapor pressure

p) Density

0.786 g/mL at 25 °C

Relative density

No data available No data available

q) Relative vapour

density

r) Particle

characteristics

No data available

s) Explosive properties Not classified as explosive.

Oxidizing properties none

9.2 Other safety information

Surface tension 29.0 mN/m at 20.0 °C

Relative vapour

density

1.42 - (Air = 1.0)

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

Vapours may form explosive mixture with air.

10.2 Chemical stability

The product is chemically stable under standard ambient conditions (room temperature).

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Violent reactions possible with:

Strong bases

strong reducing agents

Risk of explosion with:

nitrates

perchlorates

perchloric acid

conc. sulfuric acid

with

Heat

Risk of ignition or formation of inflammable gases or vapours with:

Oxidizing agents

Nitric acid

nitrogen dioxide

with

Catalyst

Generates dangerous gases or fumes in contact with:

Acids

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Warming.

10.5 Incompatible materials

No data available

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

In the event of fire: see section 5

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

LD50 Oral - Mouse - male and female - 617 mg/kg

(OECD Test Guideline 401)

Acute toxicity estimate Oral - 617 mg/kg

(ATE value derived from LD50/LC50 value)

LC50 Inhalation - Mouse - male and female - 4 h - 6.022 mg/l - vapour

(OECD Test Guideline 403)

Acute toxicity estimate Dermal - 1,500 mg/kg

(Expert judgement)

Remarks: Classified according to Regulation (EU) 1272/2008, Annex VI (Table 3.1/3.2)

Skin corrosion/irritation

Skin - Rabbit

Result: No skin irritation - 4 h (OECD Test Guideline 404)

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Eyes - Rabbit

Result: Causes serious eve irritation.

(OECD Test Guideline 405)

Remarks: Classified according to Regulation (EU) 1272/2008, Annex VI (Table 3.1/3.2)

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Buehler Test - Guinea pig

Result: negative

(OECD Test Guideline 406)

Germ cell mutagenicity

Test Type: Ames test

Test system: S. typhimurium

Metabolic activation: with and without metabolic activation

Result: negative

Remarks: (ECHA)

Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test

Test system: Chinese hamster ovary cells

Metabolic activation: with and without metabolic activation

Method: US-EPA Result: negative

Test Type: Mutagenicity (mammal cell test): chromosome aberration.

Test system: Chinese hamster ovary cells

Metabolic activation: with and without metabolic activation Result: Positive results were obtained in some in vitro tests.

Remarks: (National Toxicology Program)
Test Type: sister chromatid exchange assay
Test system: Chinese hamster ovary cells
Metabolic activation: Metabolic activation

Result: negative

Remarks: Sister chromatid exchange Test system: Saccharomyces cerevisiae

Metabolic activation: without metabolic activation

Result: positive

Remarks: Cytogenetic analysis

(ECHA)

Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test

Test system: Mouse lymphoma test

Metabolic activation: with and without metabolic activation

Method: OECD Test Guideline 476

Result: negative

Test Type: Micronucleus test

Species: Mouse

Application Route: Intraperitoneal Method: OECD Test Guideline 474

Result: negative Carcinogenicity

No evidence of carcinogenicity in animal studies.

Reproductive toxicity

Animal testing did not show any effects on fertility.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

The substance or mixture is not classified as specific target organ toxicant, single exposure.

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

The substance or mixture is not classified as specific target organ toxicant, repeated exposure.

Aspiration hazard

No aspiration toxicity classification

11.2 Additional Information

Endocrine disrupting properties

Product:

Assessment The substance/mixture does not contain

components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU)

RTECS: AL7700000

Treat as cyanide poisoning., Always have on hand a cyanide first-aid kit, together with proper instructions., The onset of symptoms is generally delayed pending conversion to cyanide., Nausea, Vomiting, Diarrhoea, Headache, Dizziness, Rash, Cyanosis, excitement, depression, Drowsiness, impaired judgment, Lack of coordination, stupor, death To the best of our knowledge, the chemical, physical, and toxicological properties have not been thoroughly investigated.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Toxicity to fish flow-through test LC50 - Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow) -

1,640 mg/l - 96 h Remarks: (ECHA)

Toxicity to algae static test NOEC - Phaeodactylum tricornutum - 400 mg/l - 72 h

(ISO 10253)

static test ErC50 - Phaeodactylum tricornutum - 9,696 mg/l - 72 h

(ISO 10253)

Toxicity to bacteria

Toxicity to flow-through test NOEC - Oryzias latipes - 102 mg/l - 21 d

fish(Chronic toxicity) (OECD Test Guideline 204)

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Biodegradability Result: 70 % - Readily biodegradable.

(OECD Test Guideline 310)

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

No bioaccumulation is to be expected (log Pow \leq 4).

12.4 Mobility in soil

Not expected to adsorb on soil.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This substance/mixture contains no components considered to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of 0.1% or higher.

12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Product:

Assessment : The substance/mixture does not contain components

considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.

12.7 Other adverse effects

Avoid release to the environment.

Stability in water DT50 - > 9,999 d pH 7 at 25 $^{\circ}$ C

Remarks: (calculated)Hydrolyses slowly.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product

Waste material must be disposed of in accordance with the national and local regulations. Leave chemicals in original containers. No mixing with other waste. Handle uncleaned containers like the product itself. Notice Directive on waste 2008/98/EC.

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1 UN number

ADR/RID: 1648 IMDG: 1648 IATA: 1648

14.2 UN proper shipping name

ADR/RID: ACETONITRILE IMDG: ACETONITRILE IATA: Acetonitrile

14.3 Transport hazard class(es)

ADR/RID: 3 IMDG: 3 IATA: 3

14.4 Packaging group

ADR/RID: II IMDG: II IATA: II

14.5 Environmental hazards

ADR/RID: no IMDG Marine pollutant: no IATA: no

14.6 Special precautions for user

Tunnel restriction code : (D/E)

Further information : No data available

14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Not applicable for product as supplied.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

This material safety data sheet complies with the requirements of Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006.

Authorisations and/or restrictions on use

National legislation

Seveso III: Directive 2012/18/EU of the P5c FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS European Parliament and of the Council on the control of major-accident hazards involving dangerous substances.

Other regulations

Take note of Directive 94/33/EC on the protection of young people at work or stricter national regulations, where applicable.

15.2 Chemical safety assessment

A Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for this substance.

SECTION 16: Other information

Full text of H-Statements

H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H312	Harmful in contact with skin

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H332 Harmful if inhaled.

Full text of other abbreviations

ADN - European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways; ADR - Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road; AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ASTM -American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS -Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx -Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; GHS - Globally Harmonised System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods: IMO - International Maritime Organisation: ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardisation; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. -Not Otherwise Specified; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; RID - Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS -Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TECI - Thailand Existing Chemicals Inventory; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Further information

The information is believed to be correct but is not exhaustive and will be used solely as a guideline, which is based on current knowledge of the chemical substance or mixture and is applicable to appropriate safety precautions for the product. It does not represent any guarantee of the properties of the product. 6Science LTD shall not be held liable for any damage resulting from handling or from contact with the above product.

Annex: Exposure scenario

Identified uses:

Use: Industrial use

SU 3: Industrial uses: Uses of substances as such or in preparations at industrial sites

SU 3, SU9: Industrial uses: Uses of substances as such or in preparations at industrial sites, Manufacture of fine chemicals

PC19: Intermediate

PC20: Products such as pH-regulators, flocculants, precipitants, neutralization agents

PC35: Washing and cleaning products (including solvent based products)

PC40: Extraction agents

PROC1: Use in closed process, no likelihood of exposure

PROC2: Use in closed, continuous process with occasional controlled exposure

PROC3: Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation)

PROC4: Use in batch and other process (synthesis) where opportunity for exposure arises

ERC1, ERC2, ERC4, ERC6a, ERC7: Manufacture of substances, Formulation of preparations, Industrial use of processing aids in processes and products, not becoming part of articles, Industrial use resulting in manufacture of another substance (use of intermediates), Industrial use of substances in closed systems

Use: Used as laboratory reagent

SU 22: Professional uses: Public domain (administration, education, entertainment, services, craftsmen)

SU 3, SU 22, SU24: Industrial uses: Uses of substances as such or in preparations at industrial sites, Professional uses: Public domain (administration, education, entertainment, services, craftsmen), Scientific research and development

PC21: Laboratory chemicals **PC40:** Extraction agents

PROC3: Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation)

PROC15: Use as laboratory reagent

ERC4, ERC6a, ERC7: Industrial use of processing aids in processes and products, not becoming part of articles, Industrial use resulting in manufacture of another substance (use of intermediates), Industrial use of substances in closed systems

Use: Formulation of preparations

SU 3: Industrial uses: Uses of substances as such or in preparations at industrial sites

SU 10: Formulation [mixing] of preparations and/ or re-packaging (excluding alloys)

PC21: Laboratory chemicals

PC40: Extraction agents

PROC3: Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation)

PROC5: Mixing or blending in batch processes for formulation of preparations and articles (multistage and/ or significant contact)

PROC8b: Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/ discharging) from/ to vessels/ large containers at dedicated facilities

PROC9: Transfer of substance or preparation into small containers (dedicated filling line, including weighing)

ERC2: Formulation of preparations

Use: Industrial use of processing aids in processes and products, not becoming part of articles

SU 3: Industrial uses: Uses of substances as such or in preparations at industrial sites

SU 3, SU9: Industrial uses: Uses of substances as such or in preparations at industrial sites, Manufacture of fine chemicals

PC20: Products such as pH-regulators, flocculants, precipitants, neutralization agents

PC35: Washing and cleaning products (including solvent based products)

PC40: Extraction agents

PROC1: Use in closed process, no likelihood of exposure

PROC2: Use in closed, continuous process with occasional controlled exposure

PROC3: Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation)

PROC4: Use in batch and other process (synthesis) where opportunity for exposure arises

ERC4, ERC6b, ERC7: Industrial use of processing aids in processes and products, not becoming part of articles, Industrial use of reactive processing aids, Industrial use of substances in closed systems

1. Short title of Exposure Scenario: Industrial use

Main User Groups : **SU 3** Sectors of end-use : **SU 3, SU9**

Chemical product category : PC19, PC20, PC35, PC40

Process categories : **PROC1**, **PROC2**, **PROC3**, **PROC4** Environmental Release Categories : **ERC1**, **ERC2**, **ERC4**, **ERC6a**, **ERC7**:

2. Exposure scenario

2.1 Contributing scenario controlling environmental exposure for: ERC1, ERC2, ERC4, ERC6a, ERC7

Product characteristics

Concentration of the Substance in : Covers the percentage of the substance in the product up to 100 % (unless stated differently).

2.2 Contributing scenario controlling worker exposure for: PROC1, PROC2, PROC3, PROC4, PC19, PC20, PC35, PC40

Product characteristics

Concentration of the Substance in : Covers the percentage of the substance in the product

Mixture/Article up to 100 % (unless stated differently).

Physical Form (at time of use) : Medium volatile liquid

Frequency and duration of use

Application duration : > 4 h

Frequency of use : 220 days/year

Other operational conditions affecting workers exposure

Outdoor / Indoor : Indoor

Technical conditions and measures

Provide adequate ventilation., Good work practice required.

Organisational measures to prevent /limit releases, dispersion and exposure Ensure operatives are trained to minimise exposures.

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Use suitable eye protection and gloves., For personal protection see section 8.

3. Exposure estimation and reference to its source

Environment

A chemical safety assessment was performed according REACH Article 14(3), Annex I, sections 3 (Environmental Hazard assessment) and 4 (PBT/vPvB Assessment). As no hazard was identified, an exposure assessment and risk characterisation is not necessary (REACH Annex I section 5.0).

Workers

Contributin g Scenario	Exposure Assessment Method	Specific conditions	Value	Level of Exposure	RCR*
PROC1	ECETOC TRA	Without Local Exhaust Ventilation	Dermal	0.343 mg/kg BW/d	0.011
PROC1	ECETOC TRA	Without Local Exhaust Ventilation	Inhalation	0.012 mg/m ³	0
PROC2	ECETOC TRA	Without Local Exhaust Ventilation	Inhalation	12 mg/m ³	0.176
PROC2	ECETOC TRA	Without Local Exhaust Ventilation	Dermal	1.37 mg/kg BW/d	0.043
PROC3	ECETOC TRA	Without Local Exhaust Ventilation	Dermal	0.343 mg/kg BW/d	0.011
PROC3	ECETOC TRA	Without Local Exhaust Ventilation	Inhalation	42.8 mg/m ³	0.629
PROC4	ECETOC TRA	Without Local Exhaust Ventilation	Dermal	6.86 mg/kg BW/d	0.213
PROC4	ECETOC TRA	Without Local Exhaust Ventilation	Inhalation	24 mg/m ³	0.353

^{*}Risk characterisation ratio

4. Guidance to Downstream User to evaluate whether he works inside the boundaries set by the Exposure Scenario

Please refer to the following documents: ECHA Guidance on information requirements and chemical safety assessment Part D: Exposure Scenario Building, Part E: Risk Characterisation and Part G: Extending the SDS; VCI/Cefic REACH Practical Guides on Exposure Assessment and Communications in the Supply Chain; CEFIC Guidance Specific Environmental Release Categories (SPERCs).

1. Short title of Exposure Scenario: Used as laboratory reagent

Main User Groups : **SU 22**

Sectors of end-use : SU 3, SU 22, SU24

Chemical product category : **PC21**, **PC40**Process categories : **PROC3**, **PROC15**Environmental Release Categories : **ERC4**, **ERC6a**, **ERC7**:

2. Exposure scenario

2.1 Contributing scenario controlling environmental exposure for: ERC4, ERC6a, ERC7

Product characteristics

Concentration of the Substance in : Covers the percentage of the substance in the product

Mixture/Article up to 100 % (unless stated differently).

2.2 Contributing scenario controlling worker exposure for: PROC3, PROC15, PC21, PC40

Product characteristics

Concentration of the Substance in : Covers the percentage of the substance in the product

Mixture/Article up to 100 % (unless stated differently).

Physical Form (at time of use) : Medium volatile liquid

Frequency and duration of use

Application duration : > 4 h

Frequency of use : 220 days/year

Other operational conditions affecting workers exposure

Outdoor / Indoor : Indoor

Technical conditions and measures

Use only in area provided with appropriate exhaust ventilation., Good work practice required.

Organisational measures to prevent /limit releases, dispersion and exposureEnsure operatives are trained to minimise exposures.

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Use suitable eye protection and gloves., For personal protection see section 8.

3. Exposure estimation and reference to its source

Environment

A chemical safety assessment was performed according REACH Article 14(3), Annex I, sections 3 (Environmental Hazard assessment) and 4 (PBT/vPvB Assessment). As no hazard was identified, an exposure assessment and risk characterisation is not necessary (REACH Annex I section 5.0).

Workers

Contributin g Scenario	Exposure Assessment Method	Specific conditions	Value	Level of Exposure	RCR*
PROC3	ECETOC TRA	Without Local Exhaust Ventilation	Dermal	0.343 mg/kg BW/d	0.011

PROC3	ECETOC TRA	Without Local Exhaust Ventilation	Inhalation	42.8 mg/m ³	0.629
PROC15	ECETOC TRA	With Local Exhaust Ventilation	Dermal	0.0343 mg/kg BW/d	0.001
PROC15	ECETOC TRA	With Local Exhaust Ventilation	Inhalation	3.42 mg/m ³	0.05

^{*}Risk characterisation ratio

4. Guidance to Downstream User to evaluate whether he works inside the boundaries set by the Exposure Scenario

Please refer to the following documents: ECHA Guidance on information requirements and chemical safety assessment Part D: Exposure Scenario Building, Part E: Risk Characterisation and Part G: Extending the SDS; VCI/Cefic REACH Practical Guides on Exposure Assessment and Communications in the Supply Chain; CEFIC Guidance Specific Environmental Release Categories (SPERCs).

1. Short title of Exposure Scenario: Formulation of preparations

Main User Groups : **SU 3**Sectors of end-use : **SU 10**Chemical product category : **PC21, PC40**

Process categories : PROC3, PROC5, PROC8b, PROC9

Environmental Release Categories : **ERC2**:

2. Exposure scenario

2.1 Contributing scenario controlling environmental exposure for: ERC2

Product characteristics

Concentration of the Substance in : Covers the percentage of the substance in the product

Mixture/Article up to 100 % (unless stated differently).

2.2 Contributing scenario controlling worker exposure for: PROC3, PROC5, PROC8b, PROC9, PC21, PC40

Product characteristics

Concentration of the Substance in : Covers the percentage of the substance in the product

Mixture/Article up to 100 % (unless stated differently).

Physical Form (at time of use) : Medium volatile liquid

Frequency and duration of use

Application duration : > 4 h

Frequency of use : 220 days/year

Other operational conditions affecting workers exposure

Outdoor / Indoor : Indoor

Technical conditions and measures

Use only in area provided with appropriate exhaust ventilation., Good work practice required.

Organisational measures to prevent /limit releases, dispersion and exposure

Ensure operatives are trained to minimise exposures.

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Use suitable eye protection and gloves., For personal protection see section 8.

3. Exposure estimation and reference to its source

Environment

A chemical safety assessment was performed according REACH Article 14(3), Annex I, sections 3 (Environmental Hazard assessment) and 4 (PBT/vPvB Assessment). As no hazard was identified, an exposure assessment and risk characterisation is not necessary (REACH Annex I section 5.0).

Workers

Contributin g Scenario	Exposure Assessment Method	Specific conditions	Value	Level of Exposure	RCR*
PROC3	ECETOC TRA	Without Local Exhaust Ventilation	Inhalation	42.8 mg/m ³	0.629
PROC3	ECETOC TRA	Without Local Exhaust Ventilation	Dermal	0.343 mg/kg BW/d	0.011
PROC5	ECETOC TRA	With Local Exhaust Ventilation	Dermal	0.0686 mg/kg BW/d	0.002
PROC5	ECETOC TRA	With Local Exhaust Ventilation	Inhalation	8.55 mg/m ³	0.126
PROC8b	ECETOC TRA	With Local Exhaust Ventilation	Inhalation	2.56 mg/m ³	0.038
PROC8b	ECETOC TRA	With Local Exhaust Ventilation	Dermal	0.686 mg/kg BW/d	0.021
PROC9	ECETOC TRA	With Local Exhaust Ventilation	Dermal	0.686 mg/kg BW/d	0.021
PROC9	ECETOC TRA	With Local Exhaust Ventilation	Inhalation	34.2 mg/m ³	0.503

^{*}Risk characterisation ratio

4. Guidance to Downstream User to evaluate whether he works inside the boundaries set by the Exposure Scenario

Please refer to the following documents: ECHA Guidance on information requirements and chemical safety assessment Part D: Exposure Scenario Building, Part E: Risk Characterisation and Part G: Extending the SDS; VCI/Cefic REACH Practical Guides on Exposure Assessment and Communications in the Supply Chain; CEFIC Guidance Specific Environmental Release Categories (SPERCs).

1. Short title of Exposure Scenario: Industrial use of processing aids in processes and products, not becoming part of articles

Main User Groups : **SU 3** Sectors of end-use : **SU 3**, **SU9**

Chemical product category : PC20, PC35, PC40

Process categories : PROC1, PROC2, PROC3, PROC4

Environmental Release Categories : **ERC4**, **ERC6b**, **ERC7**:

2. Exposure scenario

2.1 Contributing scenario controlling environmental exposure for: ERC4, ERC6b, ERC7

Product characteristics

Concentration of the Substance in : Covers the percentage of the substance in the product

Mixture/Article up to 100 % (unless stated differently).

2.2 Contributing scenario controlling worker exposure for: PROC1, PROC2, PROC3, PROC4, PC20, PC35, PC40

Product characteristics

Concentration of the Substance in : Covers the percentage of the substance in the product

Mixture/Article up to 100 % (unless stated differently).

Physical Form (at time of use) : Medium volatile liquid

Frequency and duration of use

Application duration : > 4 h

Frequency of use : 220 days/year

Other operational conditions affecting workers exposure

Outdoor / Indoor : Indoor

Technical conditions and measures

Provide adequate ventilation., Good work practice required.

Organisational measures to prevent /limit releases, dispersion and exposureEnsure operatives are trained to minimise exposures.

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Use suitable eye protection and gloves., For personal protection see section 8.

3. Exposure estimation and reference to its source

Environment

A chemical safety assessment was performed according REACH Article 14(3), Annex I, sections 3 (Environmental Hazard assessment) and 4 (PBT/vPvB Assessment). As no hazard was identified, an exposure assessment and risk characterisation is not necessary (REACH Annex I section 5.0).

Workers

Contributin g Scenario	Exposure Assessment Method	Specific conditions	Value	Level of Exposure	RCR*
PROC1	ECETOC TRA	Without Local Exhaust	Dermal	0.343 mg/kg BW/d	0.011

		Ventilation			
PROC1	ECETOC TRA	Without Local Exhaust Ventilation	Inhalation	0.012 mg/m ³	0
PROC2	ECETOC TRA	Without Local Exhaust Ventilation	Dermal	1.37 mg/kg BW/d	0.043
PROC2	ECETOC TRA	Without Local Exhaust Ventilation	Inhalation	12 mg/m ³	0.176
PROC3	ECETOC TRA	Without Local Exhaust Ventilation	Inhalation	42.8 mg/m ³	0.629
PROC3	ECETOC TRA	Without Local Exhaust Ventilation	Dermal	0.343 mg/kg BW/d	0.011
PROC4	ECETOC TRA	Without Local Exhaust Ventilation	Dermal	6.86 mg/kg BW/d	0.213
PROC4	ECETOC TRA	Without Local Exhaust Ventilation	Inhalation	24 mg/m ³	0.353

^{*}Risk characterisation ratio

4. Guidance to Downstream User to evaluate whether he works inside the boundaries set by the Exposure Scenario

Please refer to the following documents: ECHA Guidance on information requirements and chemical safety assessment Part D: Exposure Scenario Building, Part E: Risk Characterisation and Part G: Extending the SDS; VCI/Cefic REACH Practical Guides on Exposure Assessment and Communications in the Supply Chain; CEFIC Guidance Specific Environmental Release Categories (SPERCs).